Errata:
Learning Word-to-Meaning Mappings in Logical Semantics

1. The first solution in Example 6 on page 129 (the second line from the bottom) should read:

\[
\langle \lambda y^{e^{-e-t} z}. y z x, y, \lambda y^{e^{-e-t} v(e^{-e-t})^{-e-t}}. v(\lambda x^{e^{-e-t} y z x) z) \rangle,
\]

2. The first two lines on page 130 (Example 6) should be changed to:

Since \(\lambda y^{e^{-e-t} z}. y z x \not\sim^t \lambda y^{e^{-e-t} v(e^{-e-t})^{-e-t}}. v(\lambda x^{e^{-e-t} y z x) z)\) and \(\lambda y^{e^{-e-t} v(e^{-e-t})^{-e-t}}. v(\lambda x z, y z x) z \not\sim^t \lambda y^{e^{-e-t} z} y z\), the two solutions are incompatible . . .

3. The line preceding Algorithm A on page 130 should be changed to:

A subargument of a term is either the term itself or a subargument of an argument.